INTRODUCTION

"Good teaching begins long before the first day of class!

Topic 1: Pedagogy

- (1) Introduction and overview
- (2) Pedagogy what is it? see handout of definitions [pdf] distributed in class
- (3) A Framework for Teaching: <u>A Model for Instructional Design</u> [pdf] distributed in class
- (4) Introductory overview of various pedagogical philosophies and approaches:
 - · authoritarian vs. constructivist models
 - · traditional content delivery vs. inquiry-based
 - teacher-centered vs. learner-centered
 - · lecture-based vs. hands-on/active-learning

- Seven Principles of Good Practice in Undergraduate Education [pdf] distributed in class

Follow-up Readings & Webpage for today's topics:

- Visit the "Moodle" Site for an overview of the constuctivist philosophy of learning: <u>http://moodle.org/doc/?frame=philosophy.html</u>)
 - Moodle is a course management system (CMS) a free, Open Source software package designed using sound pedagogical principles, to help educators create effective online learning communities.
- Read: Got Teaching? A Student Perspective on Effective Teaching at UA [pdf] This is a report on a student project completed for Dr. Nancy Huber's Fall 2003 AED 403/503 Collaborative Leadership course)

(5) Learning Styles and Cognitive Skills <u>Corresponding handout</u> [pdf] distributed in class

- Overview of Bloom's Taxonomy, critical thinking and problem solving - Survey of different models/studies on learning styles

The following assigned readings will "flesh out" the concepts summarized in the pdf handouts above.

Please read them in preparation for next week's class:

On Learning Styles:

- Read: Felder, R.M. Matters of Style [pdf] also at: http://www.ncsu.edu/felder-public/Papers/LS-Prism.htm
- Browse: Wikipedia's (!) pretty good summary of <u>Learning Styles</u>

On Cognitive Development and Critical Thinking Skills

- Browse webpages on: Bloom's Taxonomy at these URLS, or others you find on your own:

http://faculty.washington.edu/krumme/guides/bloom.html http://www.edpsycinteractive.org/topics/cogsys/bloom.html http://www.nwlink.com/~donclark/hrd/bloom.html

- Read: Lynch, C.L. Wolcott, S.K. (2001) Helping Your Students Develop Critical Thinking Skills [pdf] See also: http://www.wolcottlynch.com/ for more ideas and information about the authors of this paper.

Follow-up Exercise (to be assigned next week; but you can do now if you like!)

- ==> Complete the Learning Style Assessment under "Self-Assessments" at the UA Think Tank website: http://thinktank.arizona.edu/resources/selfassesment/learning_style
- ==> Complete this Learning Style Inventory based on David Kolb's Model (you'll have to click on Enter Profile and fill out at #13 to get access to the survey)
- ==> Complete the indicators on this page from Richard Felder and browse its contents:

More on cognitive skills & learning styles

Home Links Topic 1 Topic 2 Topic 3 Topic 4 Topic 5 Topic 6 Topic 7

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LEARNING STYLE FOLLOW UP: More on cognitive skills & learning styles

Richard Felder's Home Page: RESOURCES IN SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING EDUCATION

- Take the Index of Learning Styles (ILS) Questionaire: http://www.engr.ncsu.edu/learningstyles/ilsweb.html
- Read through Felder's accompanying links to understand more about his approach:

<u>Frequently asked questions.</u> Responses to frequently asked questions about the ILS, including questions about its origin, reliability and validity, and availability for use in teaching and research, and how businesses may license it.

ILS questionnaire. A 44-item questionnaire that can be submitted and automatically scored on the Web.

<u>Descriptions of the learning styles.</u> A four-page handout that briefly explains the instrument results.

<u>Validation study</u>. "A Contribution to Validation of Score Meaning for Felder-Soloman's Index of Learning Styles," by Professor Malgorzata Zywno.

<u>View comments on the Index of Learning Styles tool</u> (in <u>MERLOT</u> Multimedia Educational Resource for Learning and Online Teaching <== lots of resources in MERLOT!)

<u>"Learning and Teaching Styles in Engineering Education,"</u> *Engr. Education, 78*(7), 674-681 (1988). The article that originally defined the Felder-Silverman model and identified teaching practices that should meet the needs of students with the full spectrum of styles. The paper is preceded by a 2002 preface that states and explains changes in the model that have been made since 1988.

<u>"Reaching the Second Tier: Learning and Teaching Styles in College Science Education,"</u> *J. College Science Teaching, 23*(5), 286-290 (1993). An article that explains the learning style preferences and their implications for teaching.

Take the Myers-Briggs Type Indicator (MBTI) test (or equivalent) to learn what your "type" is.

Online variation of the MBTI: http://www.humanmetrics.com/cgi-win/JTypes1.htm

Then see the following from Felder:

The subsequent references focus on individual style dimensions, including several on the Myers-Briggs Type Indicator that are not included in the F-S model but are equally important in understanding different ways that students learn and perform in classroom settings.

R.M. Felder, <u>"Meet Your Students: 1. Stan and Nathan."</u> *Chem. Engr. Education, 23*(2), 68-69 (Spring 1989). The sensing learning and the intuitive learner.

R.M. Felder, <u>"Meet Your Students: 2. Susan and Glenda.</u>" *Chem. Engr. Education, 24*(1), 7-8 (Winter 1990). The sequential learner and the global learner. (See also *The Visual-Spatial Learner*, described below.)

R.M. Felder, <u>"Meet Your Students: 3. Michelle, Rob, and Art.</u>" *Chem. Engr. Education, 24* (3), 130-131 (Summer 1990). Three different approaches to learning (deep, surface, and strategic), and the conditions that induce students to take a deep approach.

R.M. Felder, <u>"Meet Your Students: 4. Jill and Perry.</u>" *Chem. Engr. Education, 25*(4), 196-197 (Fall 1991). The judger and the perceiver on the Myers-Briggs Type Indicator.

R.M. Felder, <u>"Meet Your Students: 5. Edward and Irving.</u>" *Chem. Engr. Education, 28*(1), 36-37 (Winter 1994). The extravert and the introvert on the Myers-Briggs Type Indicator.

R.M. Felder, <u>"Meet Your Students: 6. Tony and Frank.</u> *Chem. Engr. Education, 29*(4), 244-245 (Fall 1995). The thinker and the feeler on the Myers-Briggs Type Indicator.

See also: Student Learning and the Myers Briggs Type Indicator: <u>http://www.gsu.edu/~dschjb/wwwmbti.html</u>