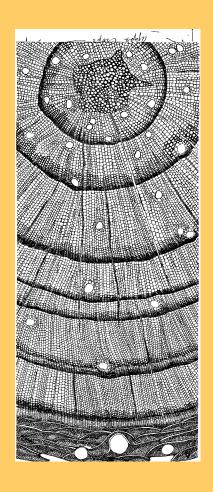
## A Brief History of Dendro

- Early Observers
  - Aristotle 350 BC
  - T. Jefferson 1760s
  - Duhamel & Buffon 1937
    - Frost Ring of 1709
    - Also noted by : Linnaeus (1751), Burgsdorf (1783), Candolle (1839)

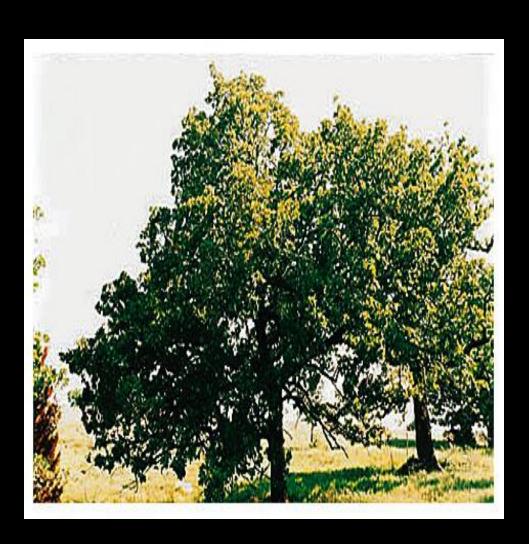


### Alexander Twining

- 1827 Twining in Conn
  - Deduces annual rings
  - Notices species differences
  - Ring width correlated to climate
  - Trees "crossdate"
  - Speculates on uses



### Jacob Kuchler



- Post Oak trees in Texas
- Specific "experiment"
  - Annual rings
  - Ring-width variability
  - Precip as limiting factor
  - Cross sections near base
  - Prepared surfaces
  - Cross dating w/relative widths
  - Why Not Founder?

#### A. E. Douglass: Founder of Dendrochronology

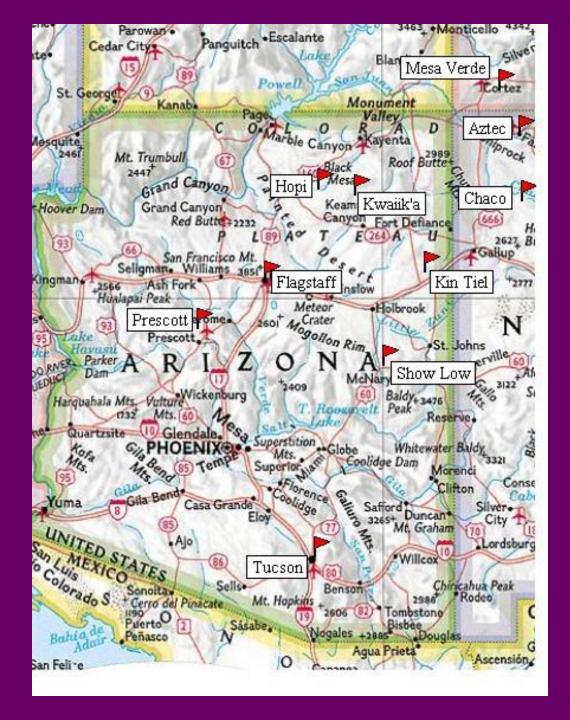


- Flagstaff area
- Sunspot interests
- Flagstaff Signature1891, 1894, 1896,1899, 1902, 1904
- Corroboration
- Prescott Series

# Using Archaeological Wood

- 1914 Clark Wissler
- 7 samples—139-year floating chronology
- 1920 Neil Judd –
   Pueblo Bonito samples
- A RELATIVE chronology is built
- The Sequoias

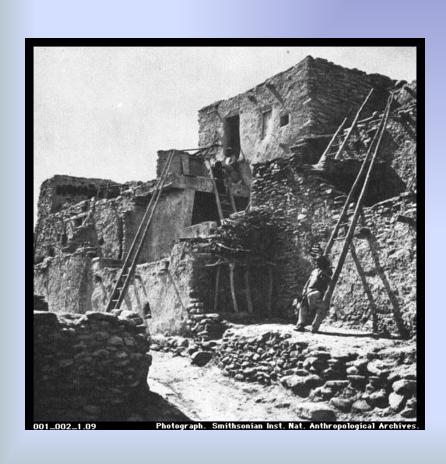




# Douglass Treks

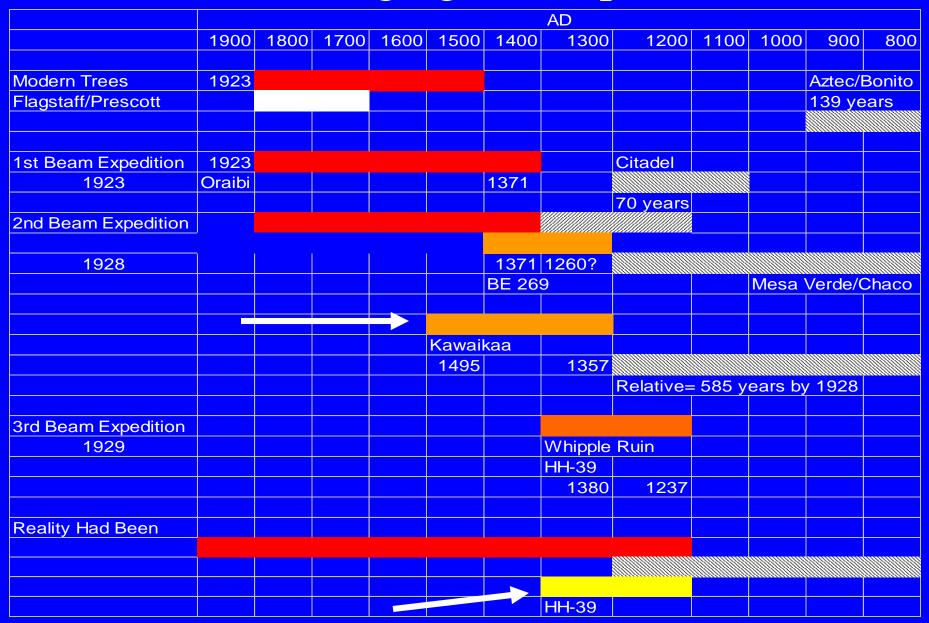
- Lab in Flagstaff
- Lab in Tucson
- Collecting Live Trees
- Archaeological Wood/Charcoal
- 25+ Years/1000s of Km

# The Beam Expeditions



- Many more than 3, but 3 were NGS funded
- 1923– Hopi Villages, Mesa Verde, Rio Grande– Regional Signal (but not Rio Grande)
- 1928- Old Oraibi and NE Arizona (Kwaikaa first dated ruin)
- 1929– Combined efforts of Hargrave, Colton using ceramics to target specific sites
- Show Low Ruin and HH-39

### Bridging the Gap



### Emil Walter Haury

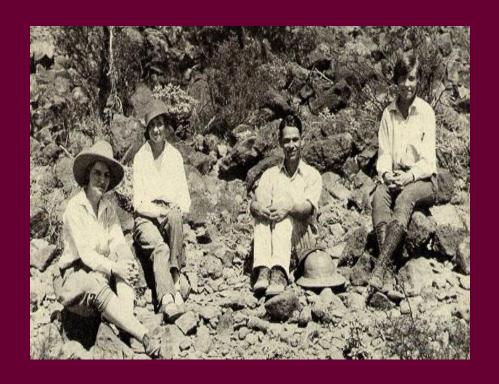
1930—1st Dendro class Replicated Douglass' master

1934-1935—Canyon
Creek Ruin
Dendroarchaeological
theory



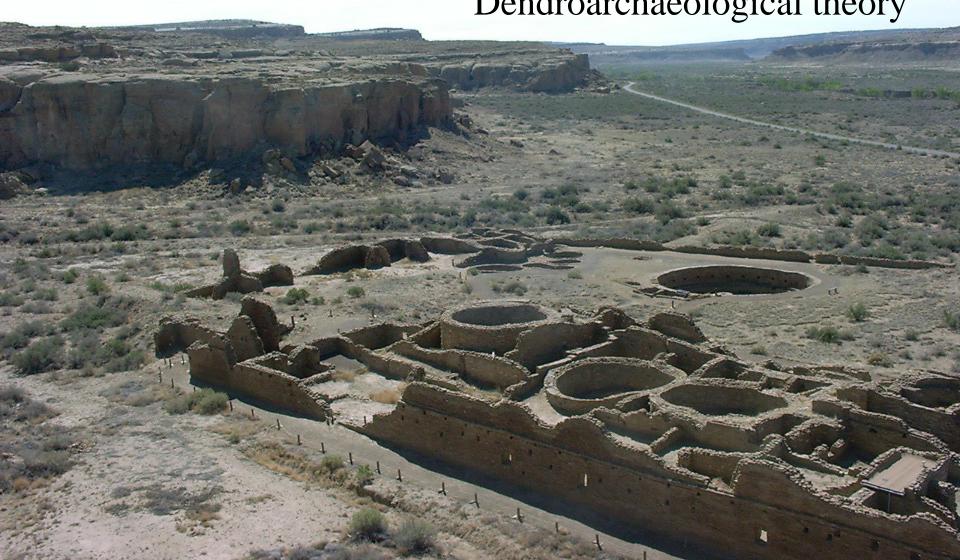
# Testing Results and Teaching

- Haury's crossdating
- The 1930 Intro Class
- LTRR founded 1937
- Rio Grande, Gila
   Pueblo, MNA Labs
   (all fold by 1960)



## Bryant Bannister

Chaco Canyon dates
Dendroarchaeological theory



### William J. Robinson

1967—Behavioral/Cultural informationOrganization & curation of collections

Historical Dendroarchaeology



### Jeffrey S. Dean

1969—Tsegi Social Organization

1970s—Black Mesa Navajo

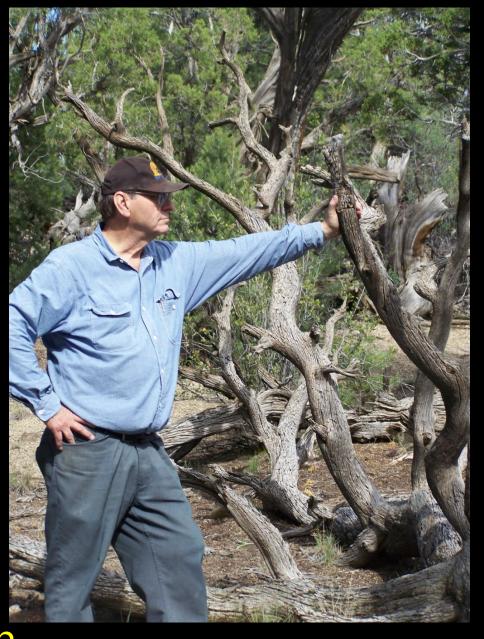
Chronometic theory

Models of wood use practices

Dendroclimatology

Dean and Robinson 1977

Rose, Dean, and Robinson 1982



### Richard V.N. Ahlstrom

1985—The Interpretation of Archaeological Tree-ring Dates



## Dendro History Lessons

- Publication and Promotion of Ideas
- Chronology Building from the present-past
- A Collaborative Effort among Fields
- Testing Results, Generating New Hypotheses
- Teaching Methods and Science