

We're about to play:

PSUEDO-JEOPARDY!!!!
(Aka "The Answer Is . . .")

And The

ANSWER IS...

Let's Meet Our Teams...

- **InfraRED Radiators**
- **TANGERINE Tasers**
- **Mellow YELLOW Reflectors**
- **GREEN House Gassers**
- **BLUE Sky Diffusers**
- **UltraVIOLET Zappers**

**Ready for a practice
question?**

**Energy
Balance**

The circled symbol:

$$R_{\text{NET}} = \text{SW} \downarrow + \text{SW} \downarrow \text{ (circled with a minus sign)} - \text{LW} \updownarrow = H + LE + G$$

What is...

1. Outgoing longwave radiation
2. Reflected infrared radiation
3. Libido
4. Albedo



Atmospheric
Structure and
Composition

Energy
Balance

Matter &
Thermo-
dynamics

Laws of
Motion &
Radiation

Odds &
Ends

100

100

100

100

100

200

200

200

200

200

300

300

300

300

300

400

400

400

400

400

500

500

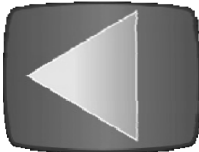
500

500

500

The gases: H₂O and CO₂.

What are...

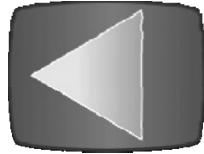
1. The two most abundant gases.
2. The two most abundant Greenhouse gases. 
3. The two most abundant anthropogenically enhanced Greenhouse gases.
4. The two gases that comprise 99% of the atmosphere



The observation that “the atmosphere is heated from below” is most evident in this layer.

What is...

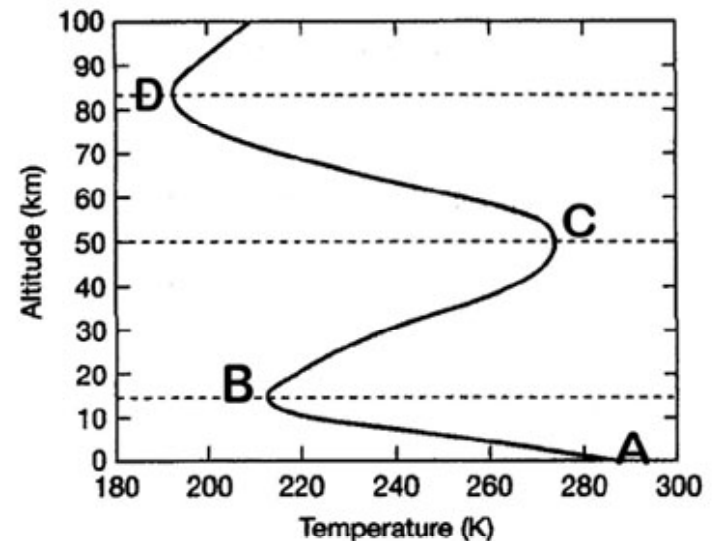
1. Layer A - B



2. Layer B - C

3. Layer C - D

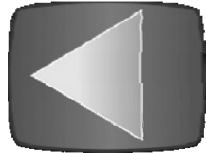
4. Layer D and above



This gas is NOT a Greenhouse Gas.

What is ...

1. O_2



2. O_3

3. CH_4

4. Freon-11 (a CFC)



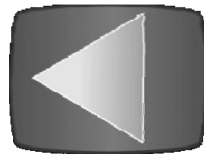
The residence time of CO₂ gas molecules, once they get into the atmosphere.

What is...

1. ~10-12 years

2. ~50 years

3. ~100 years



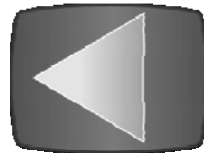
4. ~ 500 years



N₂, N, O and O₂ are effective absorbers of extremely harmful X-ray and UVC radiation in this layer.

What is...

- 1. Troposphere**
- 2. Stratosphere**
- 3. Mesosphere**
- 4. Thermosphere**



Evaporation and transpiration are represented by this symbol.

What is...

1. LW

2. SW

3. H

4. LE



5. G



The Greenhouse effect is represented by this symbol.

What is...

1. This one: 

2. This one:  

3. This one: 

4. H + G

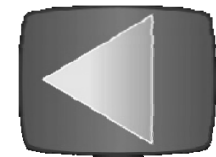
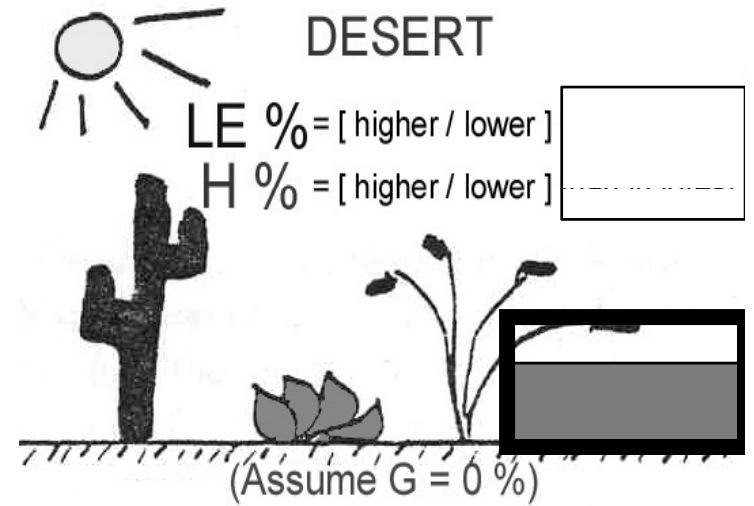
5. None of the above



This will happen after a canal or reservoir is built in a desert.

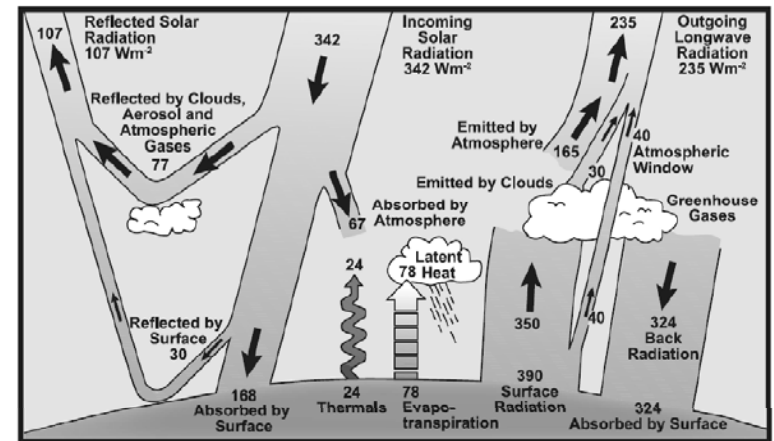
Who is...

1. No change in H or LE
2. More energy goes into H, making it hotter.
3. More energy goes into LE, making it hotter.
4. More energy goes into LE, making it cooler.



Of these 4 choices, **THIS** part of the energy balance and its pathways involves the **MOST** units of energy. (HINT: see p 64 in Class Notes

What is...



1. UV energy absorbed by ozone in stratosphere
2. Solar energy reflected back to space by clouds, atmosphere, & surface combined.
3. IR energy radiated from the Earth's surface directly out to space
4. IR energy re-radiated to the Earth's surface after being absorbed in the atmosphere.

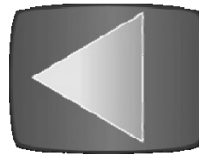
If the Earth had NO atmosphere, the amount of energy in THIS component of the Energy Balance would be minor compared to the other components

What is...

- LW up
- SW diffuse
- Direct SW down
- Energy escaping thru the IR Atmospheric window

LW

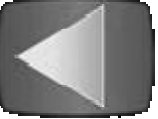

SW



SW

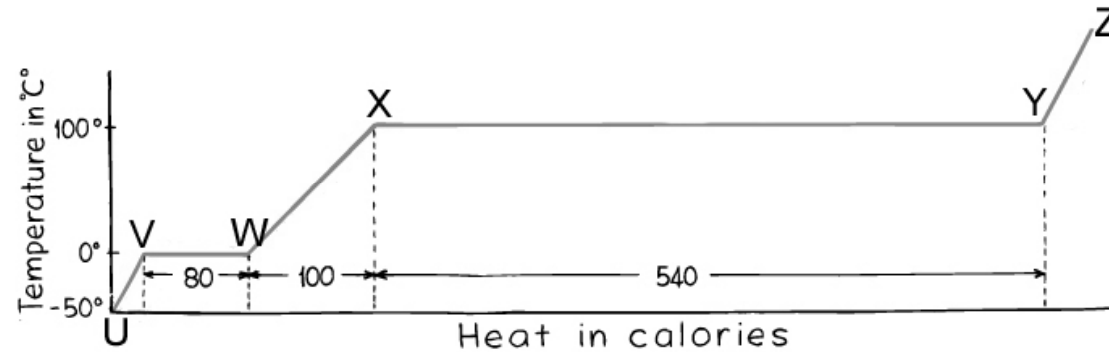


The reason why -- if Global Warming is occurring -- we should be able to detect it FIRST in LAND SURFACE temperatures rather than OCEAN SURFACE temperatures. What is...

1. The specific heat & heat capacity of WATER is higher than that of SOIL, hence water heats up more slowly than soil 
2. The specific heat & heat capacity of SOIL is higher than that of LAND, hence soil heats up more slowly than water.
3. The albedo of WATER is higher than that of SOIL, hence it will absorb more radiation 

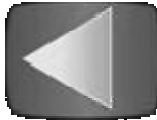
The segments of this graph that represent **LATENT** energy (LE)

What are:



1. U-V, W-X, and Y-Z

2. V-W and X-Y

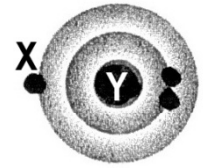


3. V-W and W-X

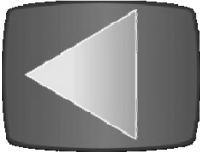
4. V-X and X-Z



The number of positively charged protons the nucleus of this neutral lithium atom contains.



What is...

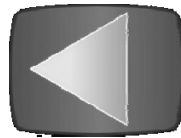
1. One
2. Two
3. Three 
4. None - the nucleus contains photons, not protons!



**Energy transfer by means of vibrational energy
from one molecule to the next through a substance.**

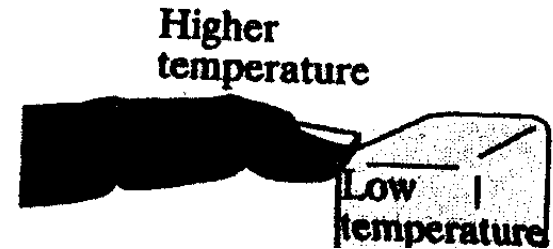
What is...

- 1. Convection**
- 2. Conduction**
- 3. Radiation**
- 4. Latent Energy**



**How thermal energy will flow in this diagram,
based on the 2nd Law of Thermodynamics**

What is...

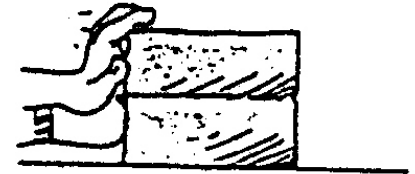


- 1. By means of CONVECTION**
- 2. From the ICE CUBE to the FINGER**
- 3. From the FINGER to the ICE CUBE**



Based on the Newton's Law shown in this figure, the force (via consumption of gas) needed by either a Hummer or an Echo, to make both accelerate equally from a position at rest if the Hummer has 2 times the mass of the Echo.

TWICE THE FORCE ON
TWICE THE MASS GIVES
THE SAME ACCELERATION



What is...

1. The Hummer will need $\frac{1}{2}$ as much force as the Echo

2. The Echo will need $\frac{1}{2}$ as much force as the Hummer



3. The Hummer & Echo will need the same amount of force



4. The Echo will need twice as much force as the Hummer

The Radiation Laws that best explains why absorption curves exist. What is...

1. The hotter the body, the shorter the wavelength

$$\lambda_m = a / T$$

2. Shorter electromagnetic wavelengths have higher intensity radiation than longer wavelengths

$$E = h c / \lambda$$

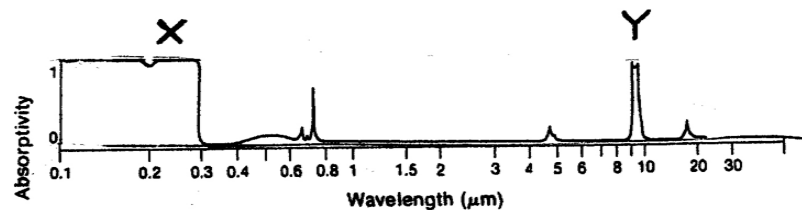
3. The hotter the body, the (much) greater the amount of energy flux or radiation

$$E = \sigma T^4$$

4. Some substances emit and absorb radiation at certain wavelengths only.

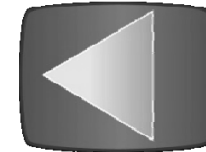


The part of this O₃ absorption curve that is linked to OZONE'S absorption of harmful UV radiation in the stratosphere.

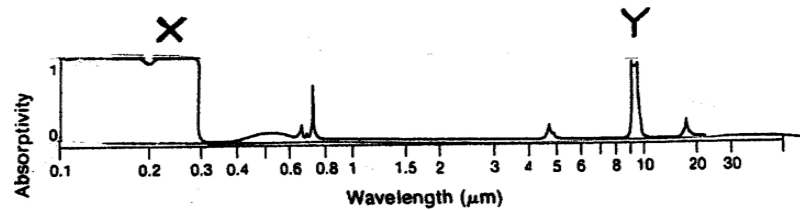


What is...

1. Part X of the absorption curve
2. Part Y of the absorption curve
3. Both Parts X & Y working together
4. Neither X or Y – this is NOT an absorption curve!

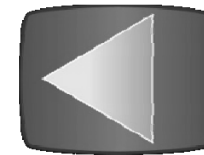


The part of this O₃ absorption curve that is linked to OZONE operating as a GREENHOUSE GAS.



What is...

1. Part X of the absorption curve
2. Part Y of the absorption curve
3. Both Parts X & Y working together
4. Neither X or Y – OZONE is NOT one of the Greenhouse Gases!



What ozone does in the troposphere vs. stratosphere.

What is...

1. Ozone absorbs IR in the troposphere (acting as a GHG) and absorbs harmful UV in the stratosphere (NOT acting as a GHG).
2. The Ozone Hole in the stratosphere allows more SW radiation to reach the Earth's surface and this leads DIRECTLY to an increase in the GREENHOUSE EFFECT.
3. BOTH of the above

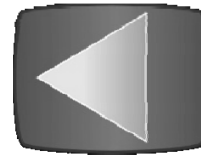


The wavelength range of infrared radiation.

What is...

1. < 0.4 micrometers

2. > 0.7 micrometers



3. 400 – 700 nanometers

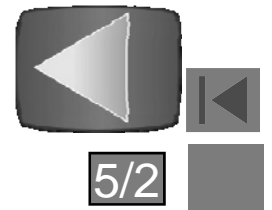
4. Longer wavelengths than microwaves



The key factor that makes certain gases act as greenhouse gases!

What is...

1. They are diatomic
2. They absorb shortwave radiation and emit longwave radiation
3. They easily reflect IR radiation back to the Earth's surface
4. They absorb and emit infrared radiation



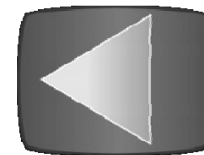
The tree ring core that represents a tree that is highly SENSITIVE to climate & good for crossdating:

What is...

1. This one:



2. This one:



The Newton's Law
that is illustrated in
this cartoon:

What is...

1. The Inverse Square Law
2. The Law of Inertia
3. The Law of Entropy



Quantum behavior of certain molecules (bending, rotation, vibrations)

What is...

1. Why photons leap to higher energy states
2. Behavior explained by Newton's Laws
3. The reason LE is not sensed as heat
4. The reason some gases are greenhouse gases and others are not.

