

Thurs, 2-21-19

5. ARMA Modeling (cont.)

1. Checking the ARMA model
2. demo05a– simulating a time series with AR model
3. Sample runs of geosa5

Assignment a5: due Tues, Feb 26

Steps in Modeling

1. Identification

Structure and order?

2. Estimation

Values for parameters?

3. Checking

*Are the residuals effectively
without autocorrelation*

*Is the model that successfully
removes the autocorrelation
as simple as possible?*

Checking

- The goal is to effectively model the persistence
- Questions
 1. Are the residuals white?
 2. Are the estimated model parameters significant?
 3. Can the model be simplified and still effectively whiten the time series?

The ARMA residuals

$y_t, t = 1, N$ the observed time series (as departures from mean)

This series is fit with an ARMA model, say AR(1)

$$y_t + \hat{a}_1 y_{t-1} = \hat{e}_t$$



Residuals

Shocks

Whitened series

Are the residuals white (not autocorrelated)?

$\hat{e}(t)$ white?

Compute & plot
acf of $\hat{e}(t)$

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graph TD; A[Compute & plot acf of e-hat(t)] --> B[Evaluate r-hat_e(k) at individual k]; A --> C[Jointly evaluate set of K autocorrelations of r-hat_e(k), k <= K];
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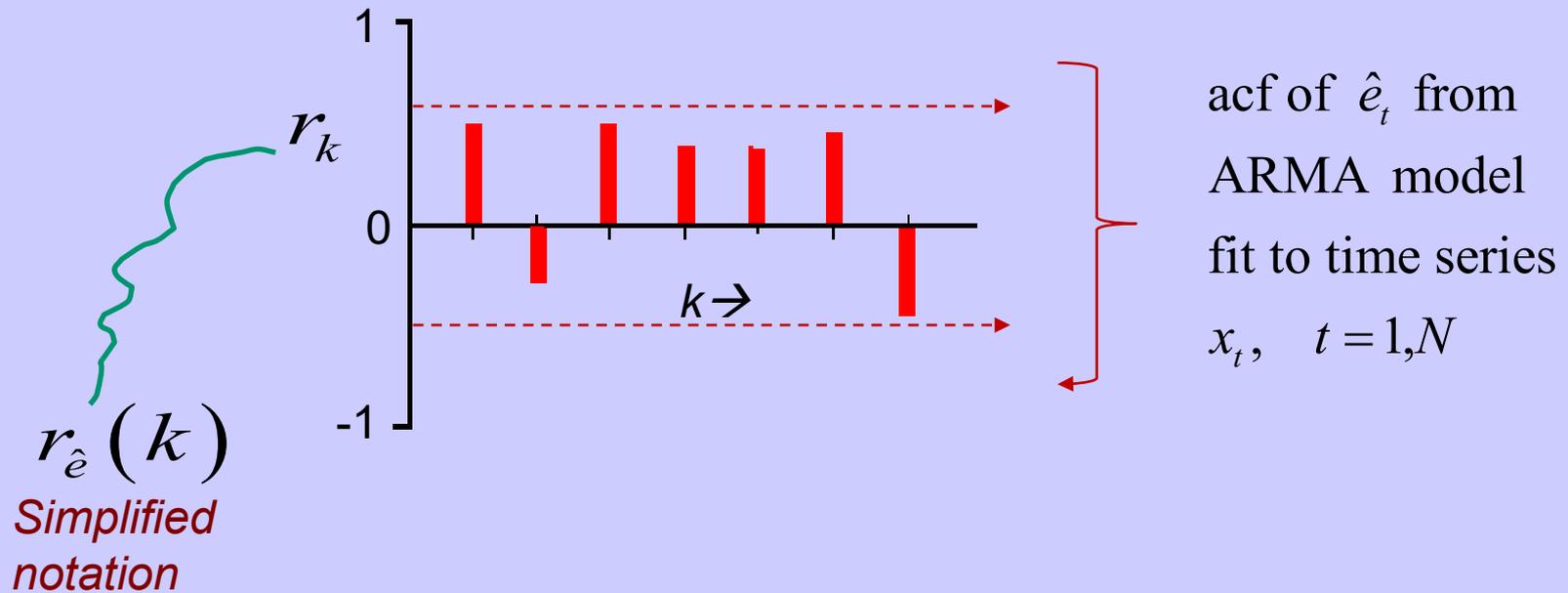
Evaluate
 $r_{\hat{e}}(k)$ at
individual k

*(as you did in assignment
a3 for the time series itself)*

Jointly evaluate set of
 K autocorrelations of
 $r_{\hat{e}}(k), k \leq K$
 $K \approx 15$ to 30

*“Portmanteau” or
“Q” statistic*

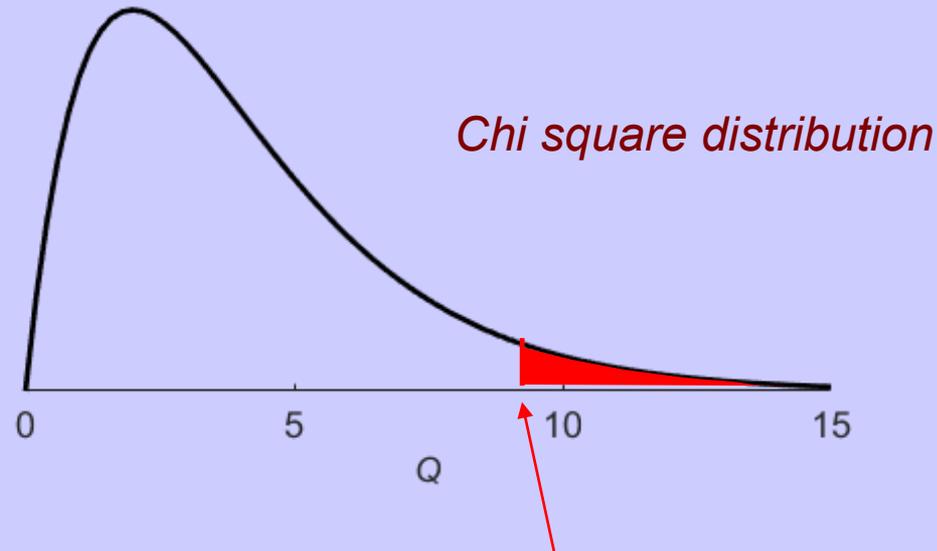
Portmanteau (Q) statistic



$$Q = N \sum_{k=1}^K r_k^2 \sim \chi^2 \text{ with df} = K - p - q$$

Typically
 $K \sim 15 \text{ to } 30$

Portmanteau (Q) lack-of-fit test



H0: residuals white noise

H1: residuals not white noise

$|r_{\hat{e}}(k)|$ large $\rightarrow Q$ large \rightarrow reject H0 at $\alpha = 0.05$

Caveat: test has "low power"

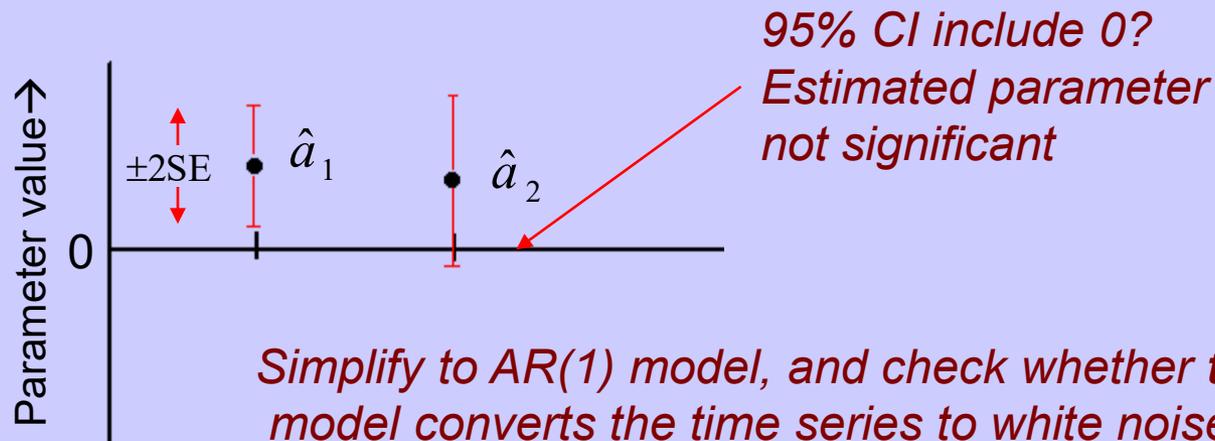
Is the model significant and simple?

Say, AR(2) model fit to data

$$y_t + \hat{a}_1 y_{t-1} + \hat{a}_2 y_{t-2} = \hat{e}_t$$

Are \hat{a}_1 and \hat{a}_2 **significantly** different from zero?

Can use the standard errors of the estimated parameters. These standard errors are functions of the estimated parameters, sample size and variance of the error term.



“parsimony” ... simplest model that does the job

Variance due to (modeled) persistence

AR(1) model

departures of observed series from mean  $y_t + \hat{a}_1 y_{t-1} = \hat{e}_t$

$$v_p = 1 - \frac{\text{var}(\hat{e}_t)}{\text{var}(y_t)}, \quad 0 < v_p < 1$$


- *Decimal proportion of variance due to modeled persistence*
- *Analogous to R^2 of regression*

Demo05a—example of simulation

1. Tree-ring index, Onion Creek, Calif, incense cedar
2. Use 1900-2014 part of series for modeling
3. Fit data to AR(1) model
4. Plot time series, its acf, and 5 simulations
5. Cut to command window for
 - Statistics of simulations
 - Acf plots of simulations

Trial runs of geosa5...

